The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, July 29, 1746.

From Wye's Letter, London, July 24.

YESTERDAY the Lords read a 2d Time and committed to a Committee of the whole House for Friday, the Bill for more effectually disarming the Highlanders in Scotland, and for securing the Peace of the said Highlands, and for restraining the Use of the Highland Dress, &c.

There is no Talk as yet of a Reprieve being come to the new Goal in Southwark for any of the Rebels lately condemned; they seemed on their Trials to have deceived themselves with a vain Expectation of Deliverance, relying on the Capitulation of Carlisle, that they were entitled to the same Treatment as the Subjects of a foreign Prince taken Prisoners of War on a like Capitulation.

We hear the Earl of Anglesey is to wave his Privilege, by Order of the House of Lords, in the Suit between him and Mr. Phipps.

From the General Evening Post, July 24:
Extract of a Letter from Amsterdam, July 27.

By the Death of the King of Spain some great Changes must be wrought, for it is impossible the present Monarch should adopt his Mother in Law's Plan. The Life he has led for many Years has been not only inconsistent with his high Dignity, but even grievous for him to bear as a Man. He was not only shut out from Court, and from his Father's Council, but deprived of the Society he affected most. As this Kind of retired Life left him a great deal of Leisure, he has employed it chiefly in studying the History, present Condition, and true Interest of the Nation, which, by the Providence of God, he is now to rule, and we were assured by our last Minister at Madrid, that there was hardly a Man in the whole Kingdom so well acquainted with the Province he was in, as the Prince of Asturias, and with every District belonging to the Spanish Crown, as well in America as in Europe and Affia.

From the London Evening Post, July 24.

Paris, July 22. The King has charged the Prince de Campo Florido and the Bishop of Rennes, to acquaint his Catholick Majesty, Don Ferdinand VI. 'That the sensible Affliction he was under on account of the Death 'of the late King, was become more supportable by the 'good Dispositions of the King his Successor. That he 'observ'd with Joy how dear he held the Interest of the 'two Crowns; that those Sentiments, so worthy of a 'Prince of the House of *Bourbon*, could not fail of contributing largely to support their mutual Security. That 'King Ferdinand ought to be convinced, that (the French 'King) his Majesty would ever be ready to fulfil all the 'Engagements that subsist between the two Nations. 'That he would not only confirm them with the greatest Satisfaction, but enlarge them also, as greatly as the 'Interest of the Spanish Nation should demand.'

The Archbishop of Paris, Duke of St. Cloud, Peer of France, &c. died here the 20th instant of the Small-Pox, in the 48th Year of his Age. He was made Archbishop in March last, and took Possession thereof but six Weeks ago. We have received Advice that the Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne, who was with the Army in Flanders, died lately there of the same Distemper.

Extract of a Letter from Amsterdam, July 27.

We are now extremely well satisfied that the Embassy of M. de Dieu was not ineffectual in Russia, but that we are like to reap as great Fruits from thence as we can reasonably expect: That able Minister knew so well how to make the Czarina and her Ministers comprehend not only the Expediency, but the Necessity of maintaining a Balance of Power in the North, that they have taken such Methods to secure it as cannot fail of Success, or of making the House of Austria and her Allies safe from any Attack behind. Our last Advices from Livonia say, there are upwards of 90,000 Troops so posted as to awe two great Powers, whose Motions have been for some Years past very excentrick; and from Prussia we learn, that the King has ordered a great Body of his Forces to march towards the Frontiers of Courland, which shews the Advices before mention'd were founded in Truth. It remains indeed uncertain whether the Russians will enter Germany; but it is very certain they will do it if there should be any Occasion, and that in the mean time they prevent all Stirs and Armaments in the North, from whence France has drawn her greatest Advantages.

Hague, July 28. As soon as the Prince of Campo Florido had, by a Courier, received the News of the Death of the King of Spain, he repaired to Versailles, where he delivered to the King a Letter wrote by the King of Spain, which contain'd in Substance what follows. 'My first 'Care, in the heavy Grief with which I am overwhelm'd, 'is to acquaint your Majesty with the Death of the King 'my Father: If any Thing is capable of comforting me 'under my Affliction, it is the Confidence I put in the 'Friendship of your Majesty, and the Hopes which I 'conceive you will not in the least doubt of the Extent 'of mine, &c.'

LONDON, *July 24.*

They write from Batavia of the second of August, by several Dutch Ships arrived in the Texel, that they had Advice from Malacca, of the 27th of February, that on the 18th of January a Boat arrived there with 16 Persons, who came from on board an English Ship commanded by one Capt. Thomas Heyns, who went down to the

Bay of Santangel to France; But the Inhabitants fell upon the Crew, maſſacred them, except theſe 19 that eſcaped.

The Dutch are at War in India with a Prince of Madura, whoſe Son has been wounded in a Battle between him and the Troops of the Republick. The Governor General of Batavia, Baron Imhoff, has publiſhed a long Manifeſto againſt this Prince, declaring him a Rebel.

Letters from the Hague ſay, that the French are not at preſent entrench'd, but that they have drawn the Garriſons out of all the Places round them in order to ſtrengthen their Army. The Allies have alſo been reinforced by 3000 Men from a certain Garriſon which is not mentioned, but may be ſuppoſed to be either Maeſtricht or Namur.

There are private Letters from Liege of the 29th Inſt. which mention, thrt in the Action on the 20th, there were two French Officers of ſome Diſtinction taken, and 95 Soldiers, two Baggage Waggons, and ſeveral Horſes, which were conducted to Namur. 'Tis added, that ſince the 23d Inſtant, no leſs than 4000 Waggons have arrived there from Peer, Haſſelt, &c. laden with the moſt valuable Effects of the Inhabitants.

According to ſome Letters from the North a great Number of Ruſſian Troops are filing off towards the Frontiers of Courland.

By a Paſſenger arriv'd in Town from Falmouth, we have Advice, that the Mediterranean, Pringle, for Jamaica, is taken by a French Privateer off Antigua. 'Tis ſaid the Captain is come home in the Fleet.

The Prince of Orange has declar'd publickly, that the Princeſs Royal, his Conſort, is again with Child; and they write from Lieuwarden, that they expect her Highneſs to ly in at that City.

It is obſerv'd of the late King of Spain, that, except his Grandfather Lewis XIV. King of France, he liv'd longer than any Prince of the Houſe of Bourbon had done, and that his Reign was longer than that of any former King of Spain.

The King of Naples, in order to keep quiet the Nobility and Gentry, has been oblig'd to renew all the Penſions that were ſuppreſs'd in 1742, on Account of the Expences of the War.

By the *new Convention* ſaid to be concluded between certain Courts, one Article, we preſume, is, that the *Dutch ſhall fight*, if ever they pretend again to draw up in *Line of Battle*.

We hear that General Blakeney is appointed Governor of Gibraltar.

The Houſe of Commons is adjourn'd till Thurſday next.

Yeſterday the Body of one of the Scots Rebel Officers, belonging to the Duke of Perth's Regiment, (who died in the New Goal on Monday laſt) was buried in the Church-yard of St. George's Southwark.

Yeſteday arrived an Expreſs from Ireland, and ſoon after it was reported, that one of the India Men was cut out of the Harbour of Galway by the French; but this Report is probably raiſed only to ſerve particular Purpoſes, it being certain there are ſeveral Letters which mention, that a Man of War was arrived there, in order to convoy thoſe Ships out of the Harbour, and that Commodore Boſcawen, with four Men of War, lay a Diſtace off to receive them.

Bank Stock 132 3 4ths. India Stock 177. So Stock 114 1 half.

From the St. James's Evening Poſt, July 24

Bruſſels, July 16. The Army under the Comm Count Saxe decamped Yeſterday from Weſpelae is now poſted above Louvain. The right Wing as far as Overlee, and the left is ſupported by the of Vlierbeek, and the Centre is at Park, where th ſhal has fixed his Head Quarters. The Houſhold T Horſe, arrived there alſo the ſame Evening, as di wiſe a Battalion of Foot.

Portſmouth, July 21. This Morning Admiral L hoiſted the Blue Flag at the Main-top-maſt-Head Royal George, at Spithead; when he was ſaluted b miral Stuart, and the reſt of the Men of War; Salute he returned with 19 Guns.

Yeſterday Evening, about ſix o'Clock, Gene Clair arrived here; ſo that it is now expected the will ſoon ſail on the intended Expedition, moſt Officers, and all the Troops, being on board.

Dublin, July 19. This Morning at eight o'Clock at his Seat at Rathfarnham, his Grace Dr. John H Lord Archbiſhop of Ardmagh, Primate and Metro tan of all Ireland. His Grace was three times J one of the Lords Juſtices of this Kingdom, in which Office he died.

Laſt Week ſailed the Serpent Bomb Ketch, C Askew, to the Highlands on a Cruize, and the Chi Tender, Thomas Peacock, Commander, to the Place, with Proviſions for his Royal Highneſs's A

LONDON, *July* 24.

By Advices from the Leeward Iſlands we have an count, that the Inhabitants are in great Want of Pro on Ships, and that a great many Ships had been loſt taken in thoſe Parts; alſo that they had great Quanti of Sugars ready for exporting, but no Veſſels were ar ed to put them on board of.

Tueſday Morning the Right Hon. the Lord Chief J ſtice Lee, Sir Martin Wright, Sir Michael Forſter, Sir Thomas Reynolds, Sir Thomas Abney, and Mr. Bar Clive, went in Proceſſion to the Court-Houſe on St Margaret's-Hill, Southwark, where the Rebels wer brought to receive Sentence of Death, before which the Lord Chief Juſtice Lee made a long and ſolemn Speech ſetting forth the Heinouſneſs of the Crime they were found guilty of, and for which they were to ſuffer, and then paſſed Sentence of Death on the 17 following Perſons, viz. Francis Townley, Alexander Aberneth, Thomas Furnival, James Gad, George Fletcher, Thomas Chadwick, William Battagh, James Dawſon, Thomas Deacon, John Barwick, Andrew Blood, Chriſtopher Taylor, John Saunderſon, Thomas Siddal, Charles Deacon, James Wilder, and David Morgan, who are to be drawn, hanged and quartered; which Sentence we hear will be executed upon them on Wedneſday next at Kennington-common. Some of them preſented Petitions to the Court, and all moſt humbly begged to be recommended to his Majeſty for Mercy.

An Order is ſent down to Edinburgh, and ſeveral other Places, to remove the Rebels from thence to England, in order for them to take their Trials at the enſuing Aſſizes in the Northern Counties.

There is Advice, that the Samuel, from Lancaſter bound to Antigua, was taken in her Paſſage by a French Privateer.

The William and Jane, Trem, from South Carolina for London, is taken by the French, but is not carried into any Port.

The Potomack Merchant, ——, from Virginia, is taken by the French and carried into Bayonne.

The Neptune, Johns, from Guernſey to Ireland is taken by the French and carried into Morlaix.

The HISTORY of EUROPE, *From the WESTMINSTER JOURNAL.*

Nothing is certainly known concerning the Ruſſian Troops in Livonia: There was a Rumour, indeed, that ſome of them were going to be ſent into Quarters: But this muſt appear quite improbable if any Credit be given to another Rumour, propagated in the foreign Papers, viz. that a great Number of the King of Pruſſia's Forces are filing off towards Courland.

The active Spirit of that Prince ſeems to be buſy upon ſome great Project. He adviſes the Miniſters of the Circles at Ratisbon with an Air that ſeems to ſavour of a Command: He has Troops in Motion in Sileſia, and is going to make a Tour thither himſelf: Upon the whole, we may conclude he is very much diſpleaſed with the laſt Declaration of the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and reſolves to be upon his Guard if that Princeſs ſhould ſend any Forces towards Germany.

How the Court of Dreſden is really affected ſeems not very eaſy to judge; but perhaps the Temper of that Court is greatly influenced by her Neighbour of Berlin. She has concluded a double Treaty of Marriage however with the Elector of Bavaria, while that Prince has been negociating a Subſidy Treaty for lending a Body of his Troops to the Maritime Powers. Thoſe Troops are to be 5000 in Number, and the Conſideration for them to be 150,000 Crowns per Annum for four Years.

Another Treaty of Friendſhip is ſaid to be juſt concluded between the Courts of London, Vienna, and the Hague, by which thoſe Powers join themſelves in an indiſſolubæ Union to act conjointly with their Forces, and never to enter into a ſeparate Treaty with the Enemy.

The Death of the Dauphineſs of France in Childbed, which happened only a Fortnight after that of the King of Spain her Father, has added to the Confuſion of the French Court, and 'tis believed will retard longer the King's Return to the Army. But the Loſs of a Conſort to the young Prince, which may be eaſily repaired with another, is not ſo fatal a Blow to the French Ambition as the Loſs of a Monarch, whoſe Death, if the Succeſſor takes the Meaſures that are expected from him, may put an End to that Union which hath lately rendered the Houſe of Bourbon ſo formidable to all Europe.

Some Miſunderſtanding between his Sardinian Majeſty and the Auſtrian Generals hath hitherto rendered fruitleſs the great Victory at Fort St. Lazaro on the 16th paſt. Placentia is ſtill in the Hands of the Spaniards, who have a free Paſſage over the Po, and all the open Part of the Milaneſe, between the Adda and the Teſſino at their Command. By this Means they abound in Proviſions, and are able even to threaten the Siege of Pizzghitone. But this Advantage, it is thought they will not long preſerve, the King of Sardinia having at laſt conſented to join his Forces with the Imperialiſts, and renew the Hoſtilities with Vigour againſt the Enemies. What the great Undertaking will be, which they talk of executing next, another Week will probably inform us by the Event.

The Diſtreſs of the Genoeſe is ſcarcely to be imagined: Their Parties have been defeated in Skirmiſhes: The Goods of ſome of their Nobility have been expoſed to publick Sale, in order to make up the Contributions demanded by the King of Sardinia.——Their only Comfort is, that they expect a large Reinforcement from France, the Head of which is already arrived in the County of Nice: But this Reinforcement muſt beat the Piedmonteſe Detachments which are Maſters of great Part of the Riviera, before it can advance far towards the Army of the three Crowns.

EDINBURGH, *July* 29.

On Friday laſt, died John Ker of Cavers Eſq; a Gentleman of an agreeable Character in Life. And,

On Saturday, about three o'Clock in the Afternoon, died at Todſhaugh near Newliſton, Mr. Hugh Horn of Weſthall, Advocate, a Gentleman of a ſweet Temper, and endued with all the Qualifications fit to adorn a publick or private Life; on which Account he was univerſally eſteemed, and now no leſs regreted. As he died without Iſſue, his Eſtate deſcends to his Brother Captain Robert Dalrymple.

On Sunday laſt were brought into this City from the Weſt, five or ſix Pieces of Cannon, and a covered Waggon, being a Part of the Artillery carried North with the Army.

This Morning eleven Waggons, with eight or nine Matroſſes came down from the Caſtle, and proceeded for Berwick.

We hear, an Embargo is laid again upon all the Shipping in this Country.

'Tis reported, that the young Peretender with ſome of the Chiefs have come Southwards.

The Old Buffs are on their March to Glaſgow, in their Way to Carliſle.

Yeſternight Sir John Douglas of Killhead Bart. was taken into Cuſtody of a Meſſenger.

By the lateſt Accounts from the North, the Right Hon. the Earl of Albemarle remained encamped with the Body of the Army at Fort Auguſtus, and Lord Loudon at Garviemore.—General Campbell with the Argyleſhire Companies, and Captains Scot and Millar were ſtill ſcouring the Weſtern Iſlands; but their Return to Fort William and Dunſtaffnage was daily expected, with ſeveral Priſoners.

From the GLASGOW JOURNAL, July 28.

By late Accounts from Inverary we are informed, that the 3d inſt. the young Pretender (who for ſome time had been diſguiſed in Women Cloaths in N. Uiſt) left that Iſland, and went for Sky in an open Boat, and from

thence to the Mainland. On the 9th, the Boat which carried him over, with the Boatman one John M'Innon, was taken on her Return by a Party of General Campbell's Men, who carried the ſaid Boatman directly back to the Place where he had formerly landed, threatning him with Death if he did not diſcover where the Pretender was. That Advice whereof being ſent to the Duke's Army, 1500 Men were immediately diſpatched to ſcour the Coaſt.

The ſame Accounts bear, that ſoon after the Pretender left N. Uiſt, a French Cutter, with 6 Guns and 30 Men, arrived there, and that Meſſrs. Sullivan and O Neil, went on board her, and immediately ſailed for Sky, where O Neil went aſhore, and was taken. It is ſaid that the Cutter has been 30 Days on the Coaſt, and greatly outſails our Men of War ſtationed there.

The Laird of M'Innon elder is taken by the Argyleſhire Men.

They write from London, that Petitions from the Merchants in Jamaica and South Carolina have been preſented to his Majeſty, praying, that the common Men amongſt the Rebel Priſoners may be ſent over as Servants.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

¶§¶ Upon Thurſday the 31ſt inſtant there is to be a GRAND ASSEMBLY, at the uſual Time and Place, being the laſt of this Seſſion. Tickets to be had at the Shops of

Meſſ. *Hamilton* & *Balfour*,
Hugh Clerk junior,
James Stirling.

¶*¶ There are THREE SHARES of the capital Stock of the BANK of *SCOTLAND* to be ſold, by way of Auction, to the higheſt Bidder, in the Laigh Coffee houſe, upon Thurſday the 14th Day of Auguſt, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 Afternoon.

And the Creditors of the deceaſt *ROBERT BONTEIN* of *MILDOVAN* are deſired to meet in the ſaid Coffee-houſe upon Friday the 15th Day of Auguſt, at 3 o'Clock Afternoon, to concert proper Meaſures to be taken with their Debitor's Funds, which will turn out much to the Diſadvantage of the Creditors, if longer delayed.

To be expoſed to Sale by way of voluntary Roup, either in Whole or Parcels as Purchaſers ſhall offer, upon the ſecond Tueſday of September next betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 in the Afternoon, within the Laigh Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh.

The LANDS and BARONY of *SAUCHIE*, with the Lands of *Little Sauchie* and Teinds thereof, lying within the Pariſh of St. Ninian's and Shire of Stirling, and within two Miles of the Town of Stirling, holding partly Feu and Blanch and partly Taxtward of the Crown, paying of yearly free Rent 8 Bolls of Meal, 12 Bolls of Bear, 3 Bolls 2 Firlots of Oats, 8 Bolls 2 Firlots of Malt, 4039 l. 2 s. 9 d. Scots of Money, 7 Veals, 11 Wedders, 18 Stones of Butter, 129 Capons, 227 Hens, 6 Poultry, 199 Loads of Peats, 308 Loads of Coals, 36 long Carriages, 33 ſhort ones, and 162 Days Dargs; and this beſides the Parks, which have always been in the Heritor's own Poſſeſſion, conſiſting of about 160 Acres of Ground, valued at 2000 Merks yearly, all which are incloſed with a ſufficient Stone and Lime-dyke, and ſubdivided with Hedge-rows and Ditches. There is a double Pigeon houſe, with a very convenient lodgeable Houſe on the foreſaid Lands, and all Kinds of proper Office-houſes in good Repair, with a Garden of 4 Acres of Ground ſurrounded with a Stone and Lime-wall 12 Feet high, beſides a vaſt deal of old Planting about the Houſe and Park; and the Lands are very improveable, having great Quantities of Moſs and Muir belonging thereto, with an inexhauſtible Lime Quarry, which is the only workable one in that Country, and might, with a very ſmall Expence, yield a conſiderable yearly Profit, the Tenants paying the Third, and the Feuars the Fourth of all Lime that they ſell to the Heritor, free of any Charges, which, *communibus annis*, amounts to 500 Merks yearly. The Progreſs of Writs, with the Rental of the Lands and Conditions of Roup, are to be ſeen in the Hands of Alexander Stevenſon of Montgreenan, Writer to the Signet, and George Nicolſon Writer in Edinburgh; and a Copy of the Rental and Conditions in the Hands of Robert Leckie Writer in Stirling.

N. B. There is a large Wood on the foreſaid Lands, conſiſting of Oak, Aſh, Elm, &c. and the Tenants pay the Ceſs and other publick Burdens, and, at the Expiry of each 19 Years, conſiderable Graſſums by way of Entry. If any Perſon inclines to make a Bargain before the Day of the Roup, they will be treated with by any of the above Perſons.

To be ſold by publick Roup upon Tueſday the 12th of Auguſt next, at the Houſe of PITADIE, a ſhort Mile North from Kingborn, either in Whole or in Parcels, as Purchaſers offer,

A conſiderable Number of fine OLD TREES, conſiſting of Elms, Aſh and Plain, preſently growing on the ſaid Lands. The Roup to begin at 11 o'clock Forenoon.—The Conditions thereof to be ſeen in the Hands of Alex^r. McConochie Writer, at his Houſe in Shoemakers Land, oppoſite to the Earl of Murray's Lodgings in Canongate.

¶¶¶ That upon Friday the firſt Day of Auguſt next, at 2 o'Clock Afternoon, there are ſeveral TRIANGLES, BALKS, BROADS and Half-hundred WEIGHTS, &c. to be rouped within the Coal-market at the Foot of Marlin's Wynd.

And upon Tueſday the 5th Auguſt, at 10 o'Clock Forenoon, there is to be rouped and ſold the whole WHEAT, BEAR and OATS growing upon the Farm of Wardie.—The Victual to be ſhown by John McMichell at the ſaid Farm: And the Conditions of Roup, and Inventaries of the other Particulars, to be ſeen in the Hands of George Aitken Writer in Edinburgh; and the Weights, &c. to be ſeen in the ſaid Coal-market.

EDINBURGH: Printed for THOMAS RUDDIMAN and COMPANY, and ſold at the Printing-houſe in the Parliament-cloſe; where *Advertiſements* and *Subſcriptions* are taken in.